



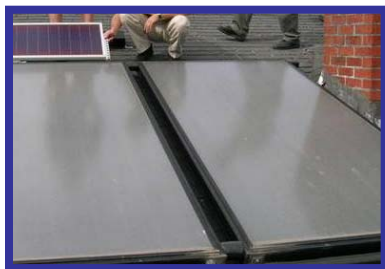
Seattle City Light



City of Seattle
Department of Planning and Development



Solar Works! In Seattle: Domestic Hot Water



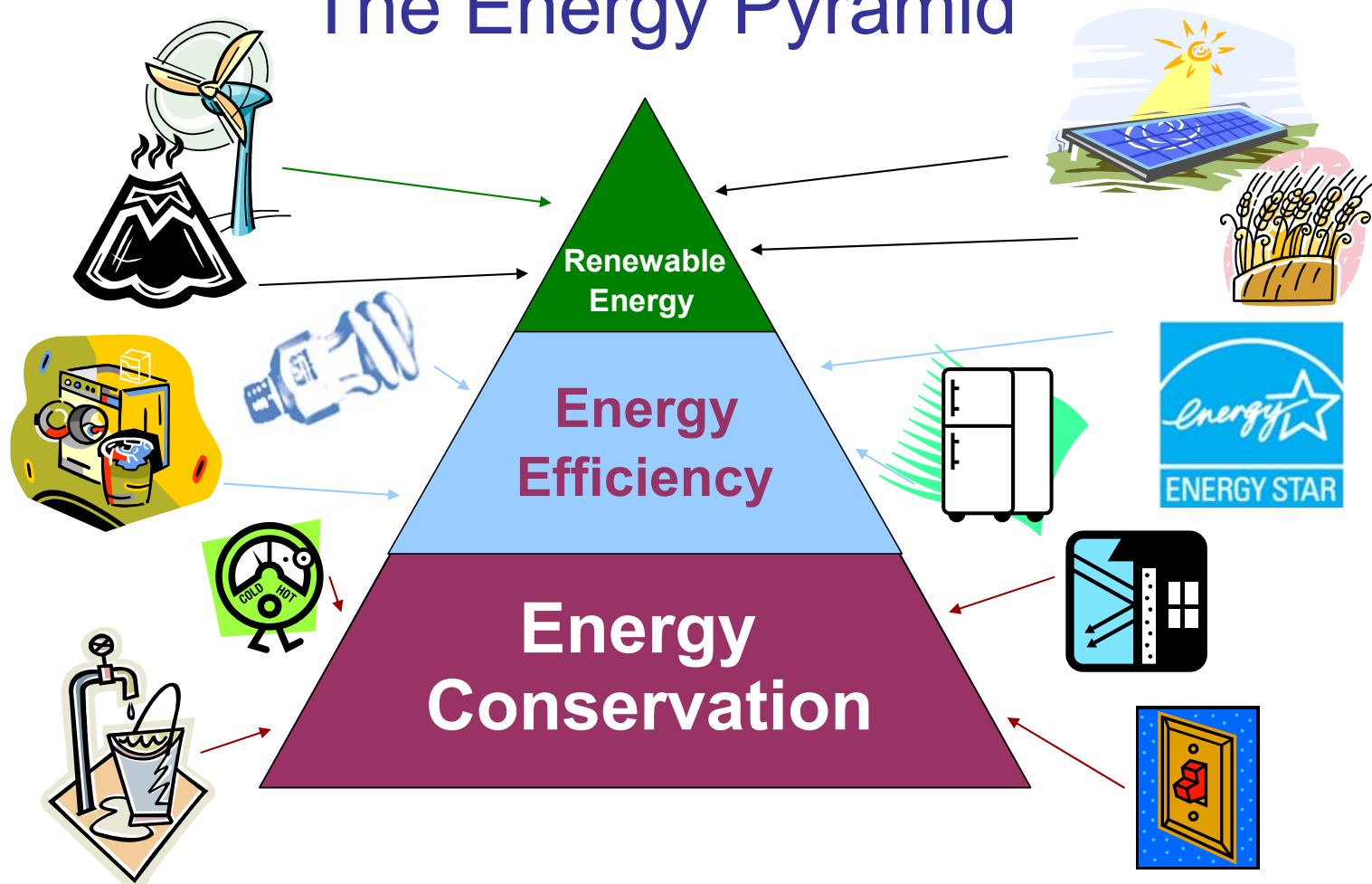
Rainier Community Center
September 19, 2009

Workshop Agenda

- Introduction to solar energy
- Seattle's solar energy resource
- System components
- System configurations and sizing
- Break
- Evaluating your site
- Costs and Incentives
- Getting started- contracting and permitting
- Maintenance

Conservation and Efficiency FIRST!

The Energy Pyramid



Benefits of Renewable Energy

- Creates no climate changing emissions
- Cleaner air = better quality of life
- Increases independence from foreign sources of energy
- Contributes to local economies
- Can be a “distributed” energy source

Solar's Unique Values



*Photo credit: Sun Wind
Concepts
PCC Market in Fremont*

Technologies

Solar Energy can be harnessed via:

- Solar Electricity
(Photovoltaics, or PV)
- **Solar Water Heating**
- Solar Space Heating



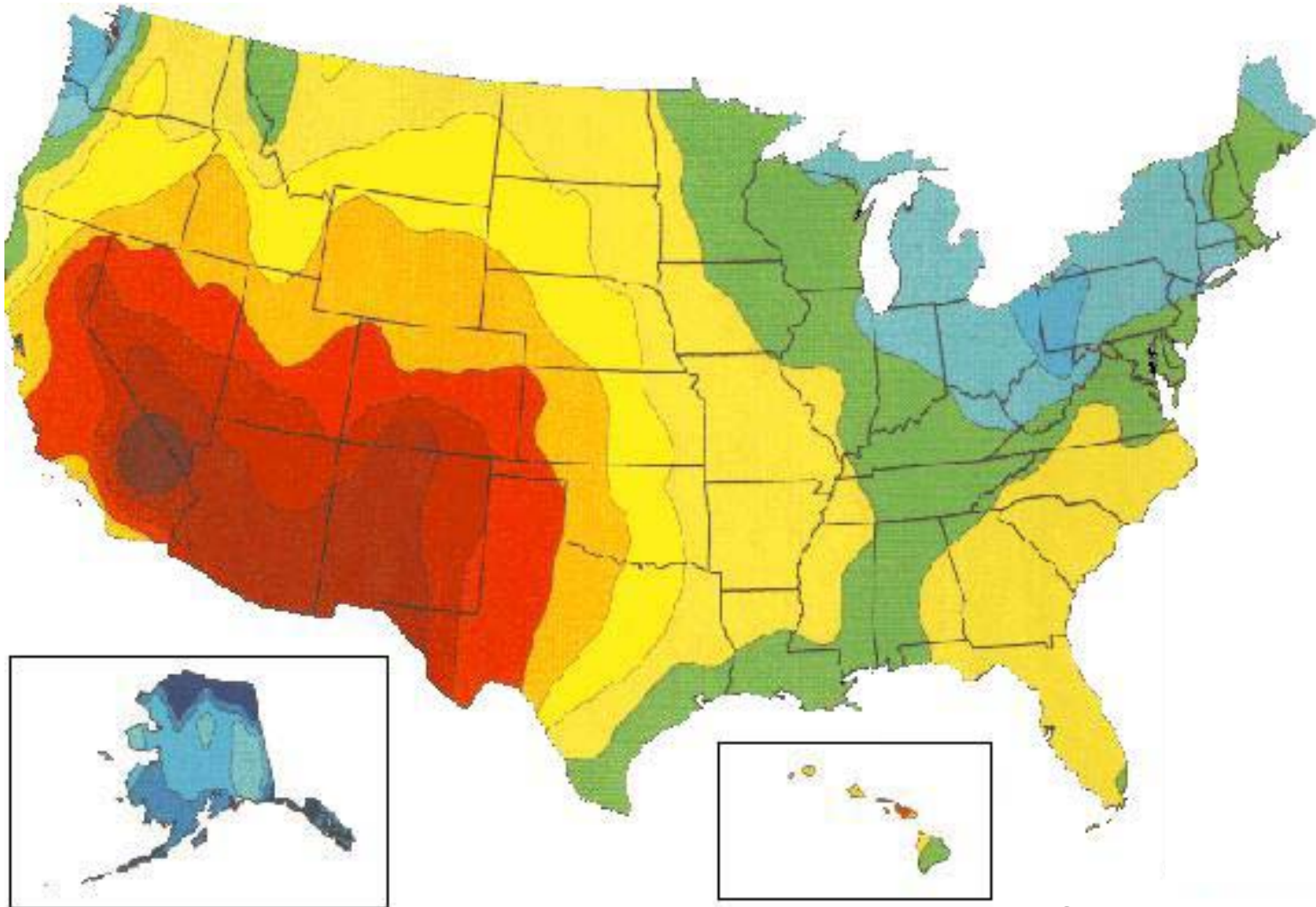
Does solar energy work here?



How about here?

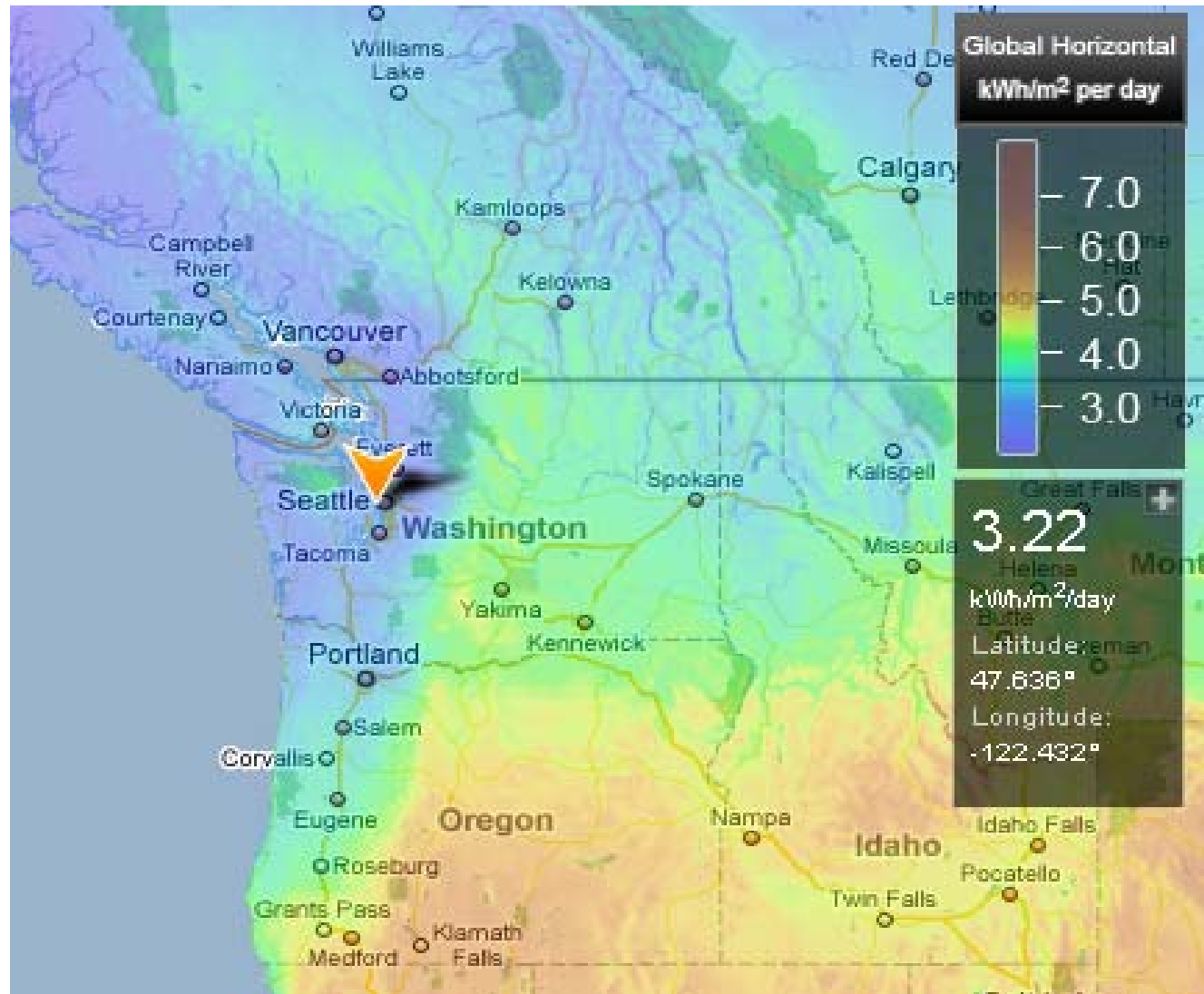


Does solar energy work here?



Source: NREL

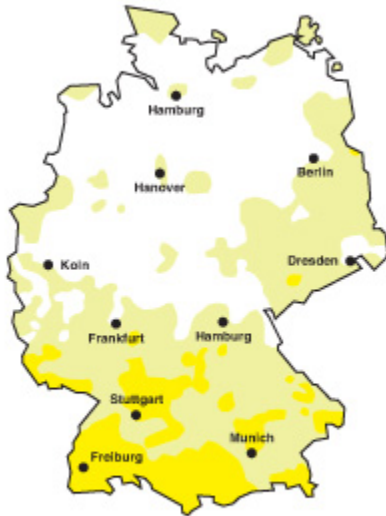
A Closer Look



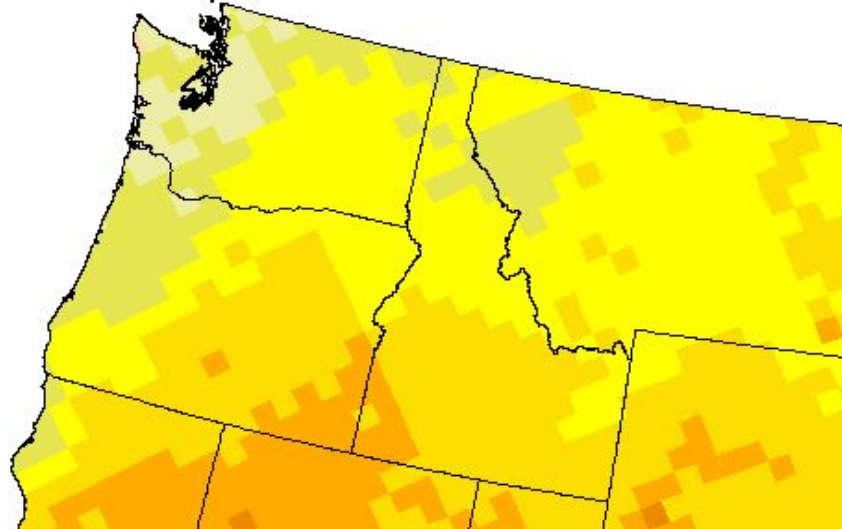
Source: FirstLook
from 3TIER

It's All Relative

- Average solar radiation in Seattle is 15% greater than in Germany

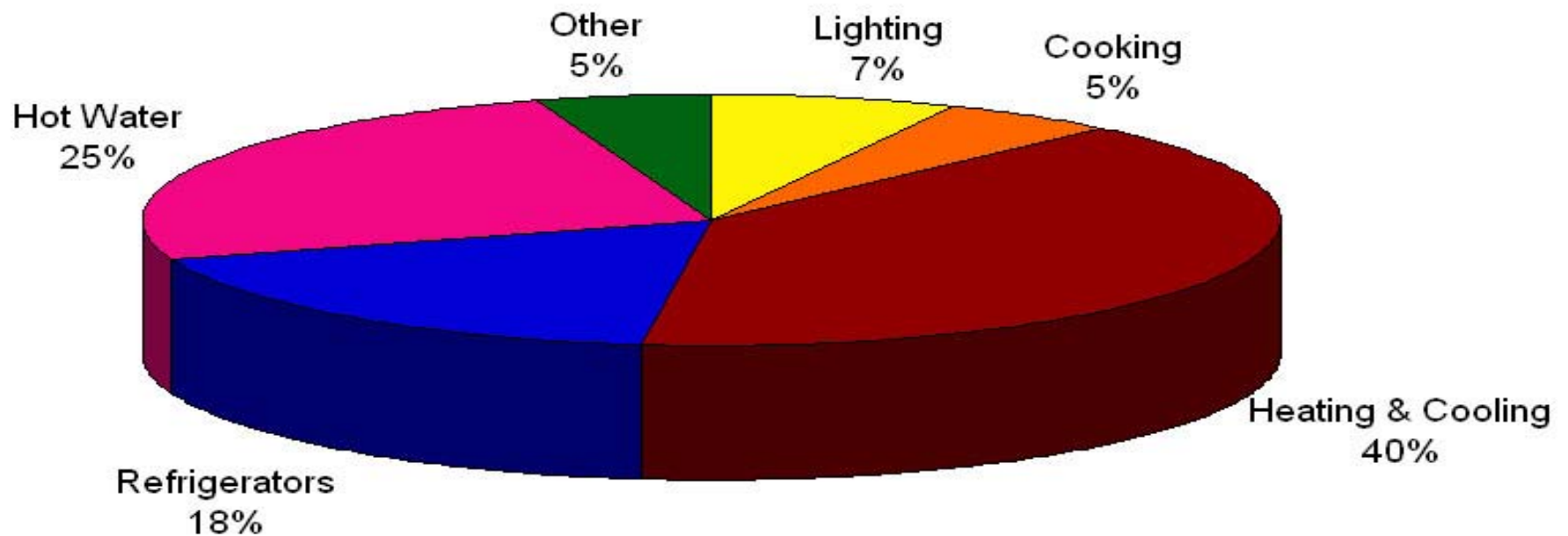


Germany



Northwest, USA

Understanding Your Home Energy Use

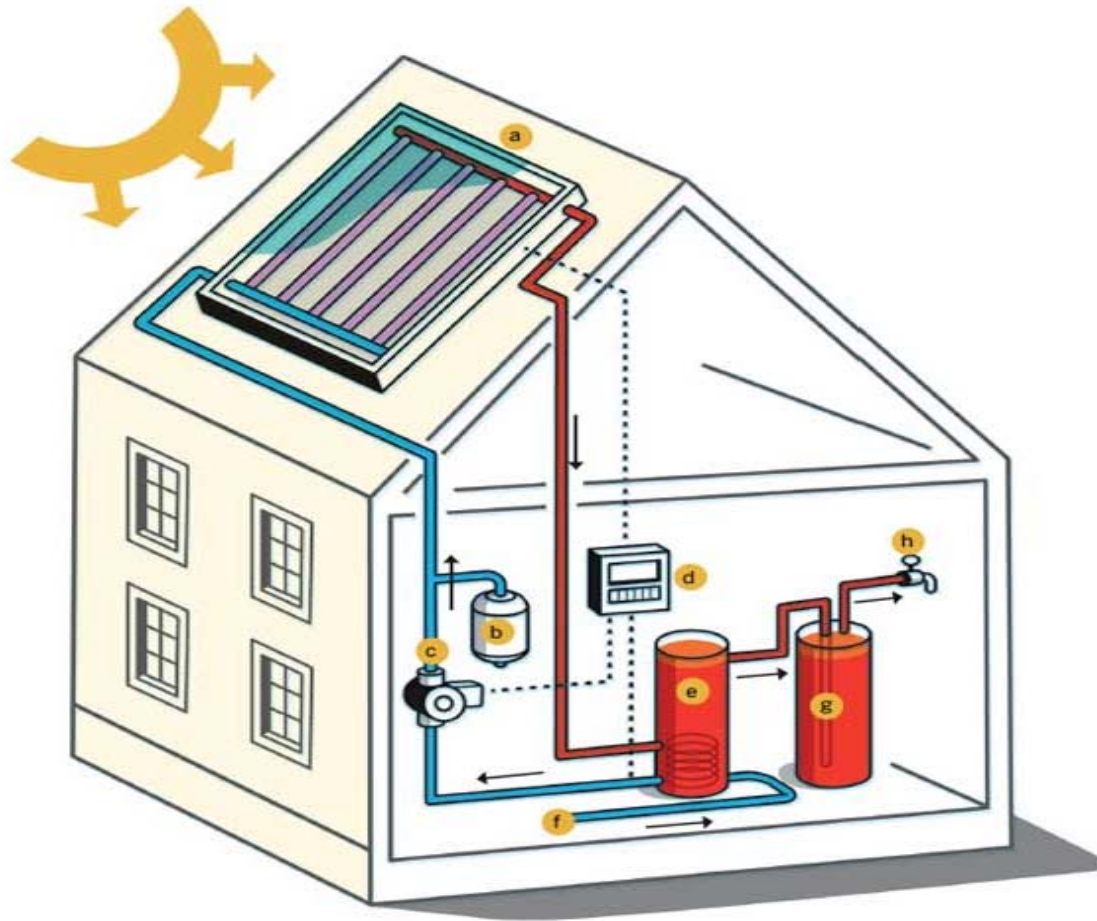


Credit: WA CTED

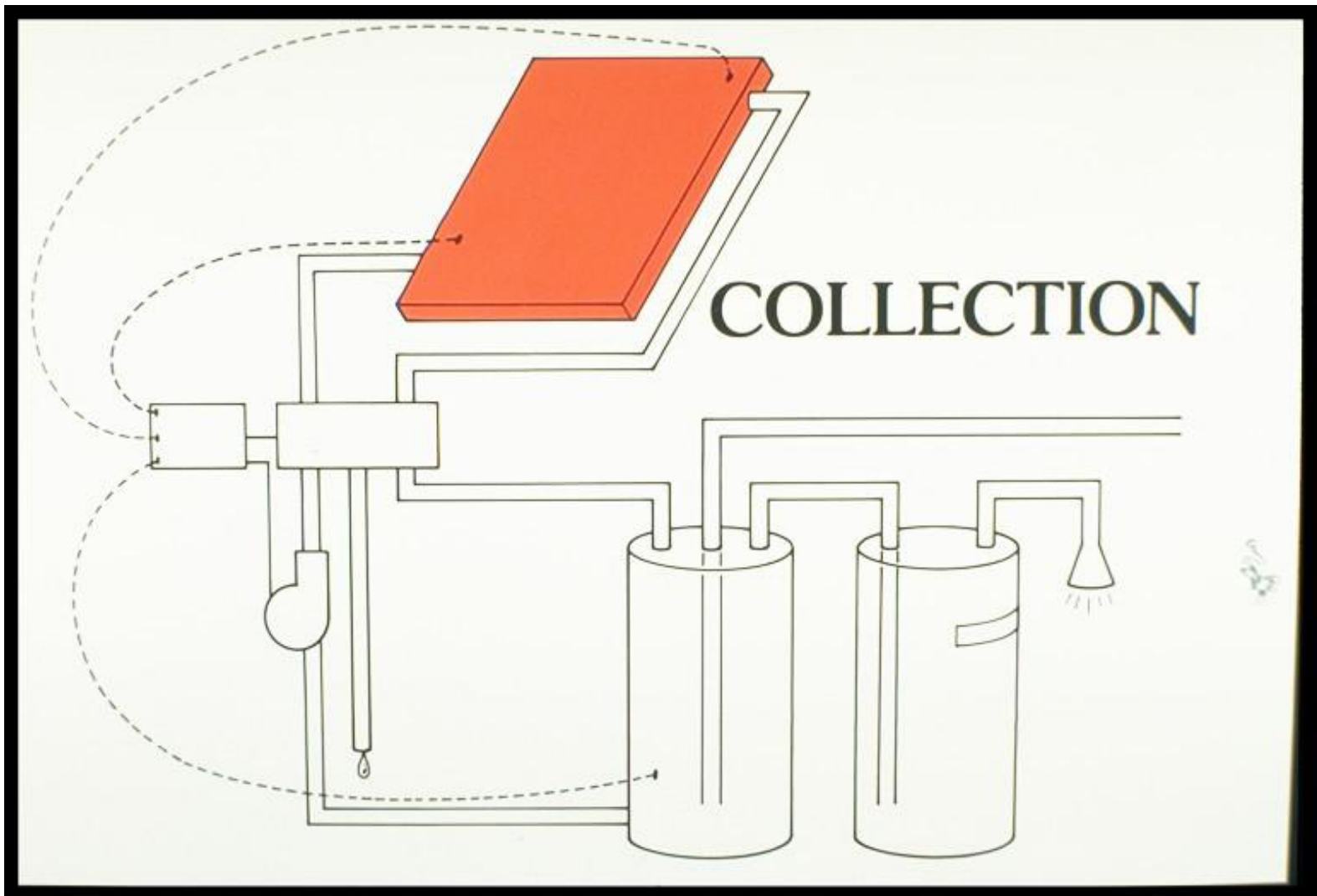
Can you spot your water heater?



System Components

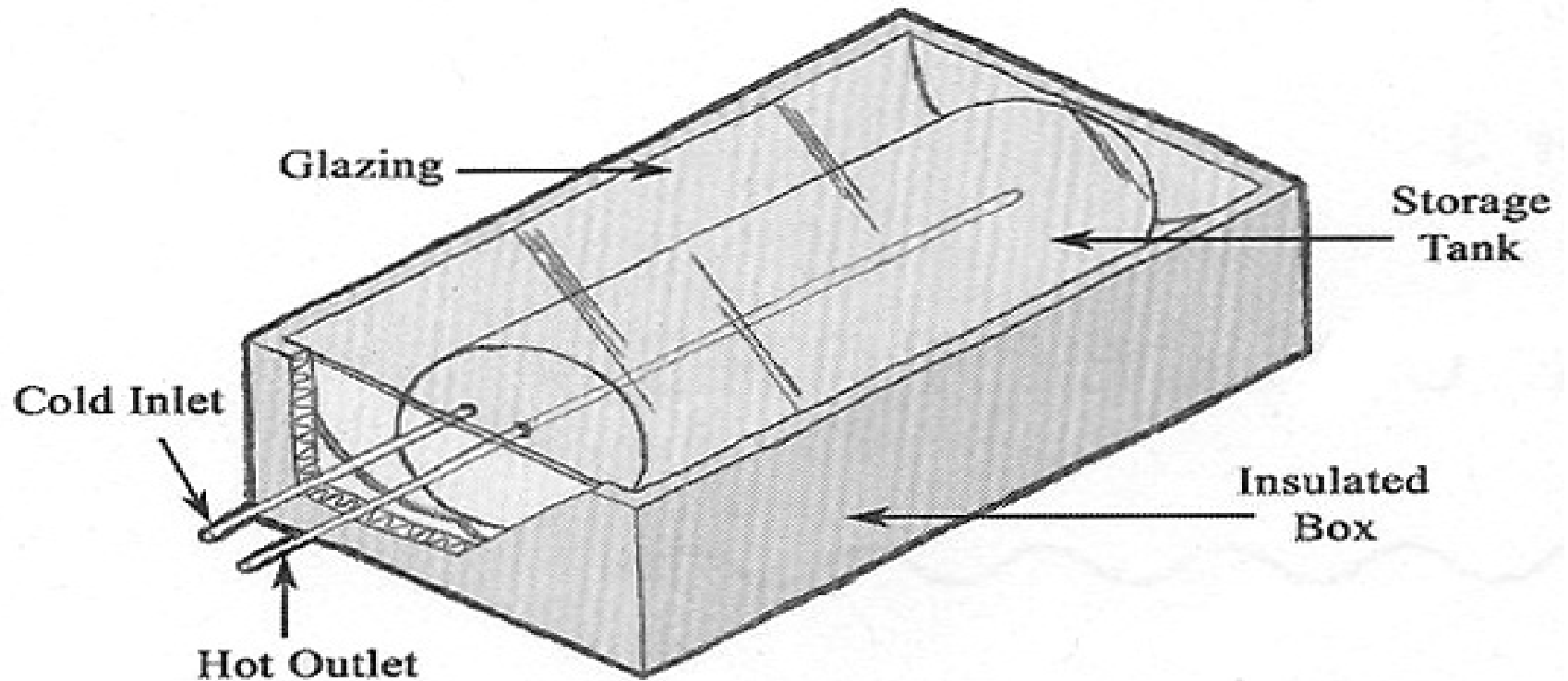


Components: Collection



Collector Types

Batch/ICS Collector



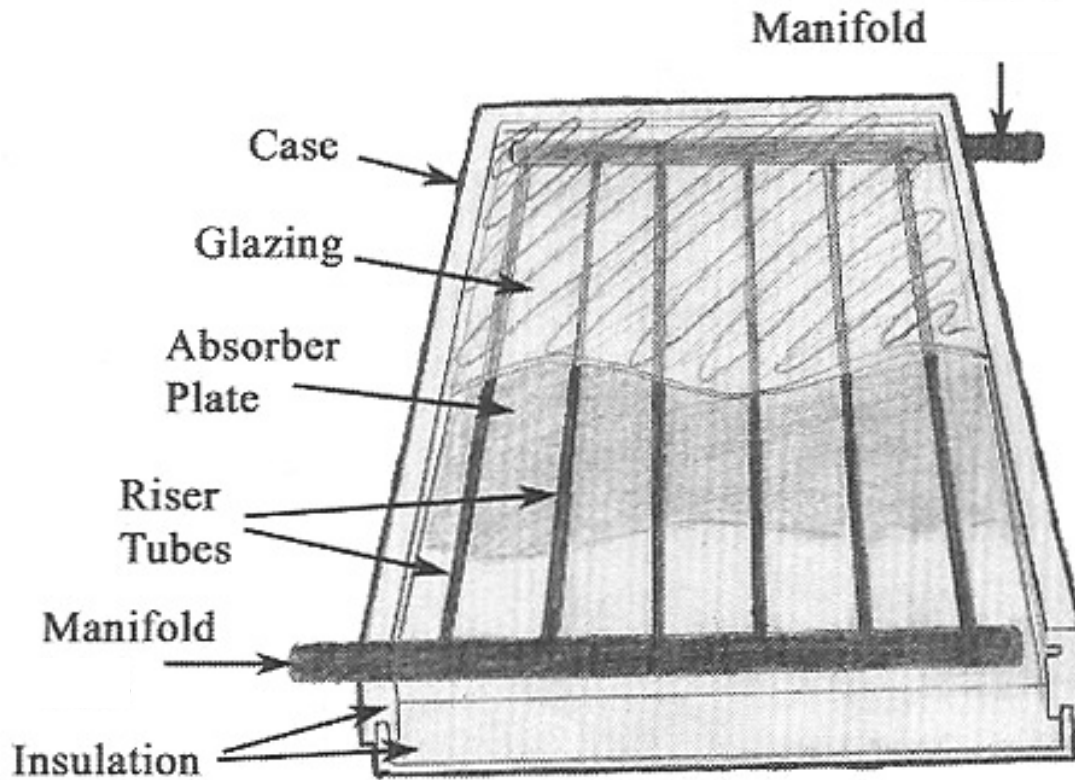
Source: *Solar Water Heating* by
Bob Ramlow with Benjamin Nusz

Flat Plate Collectors



Collector Types

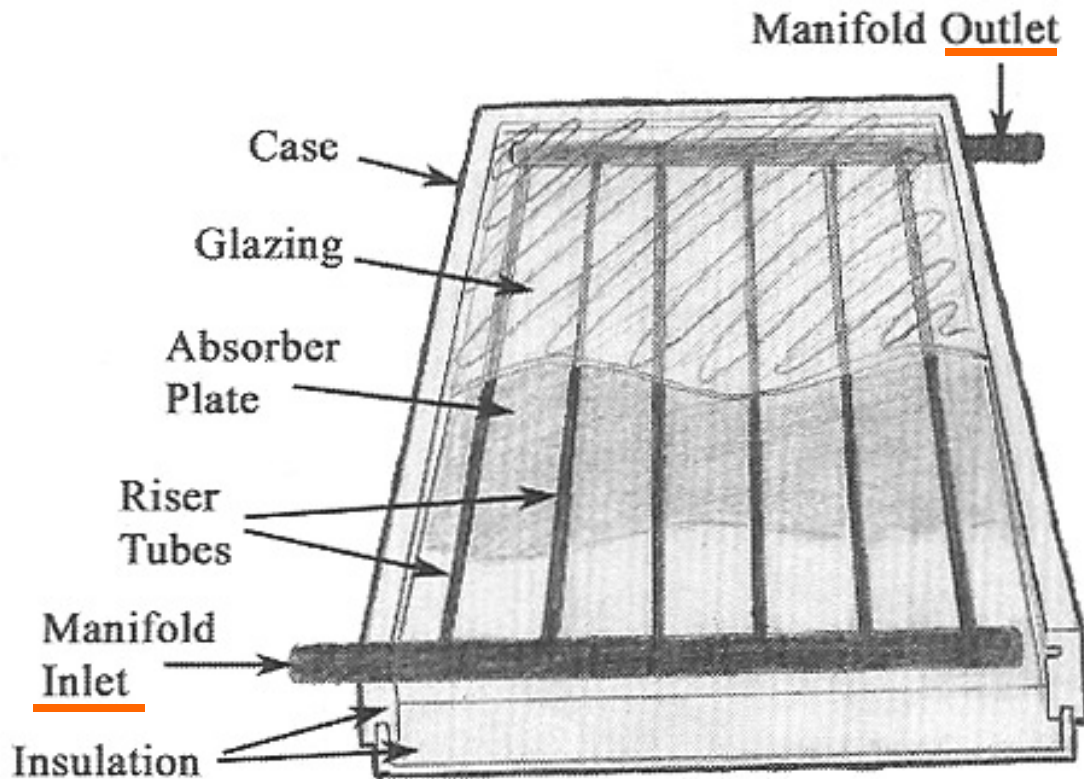
Flat Plate Collector



Source: *Solar Water Heating* by
Bob Ramlow with Benjamin Nusz

Collector Types

Flat Plate Collector



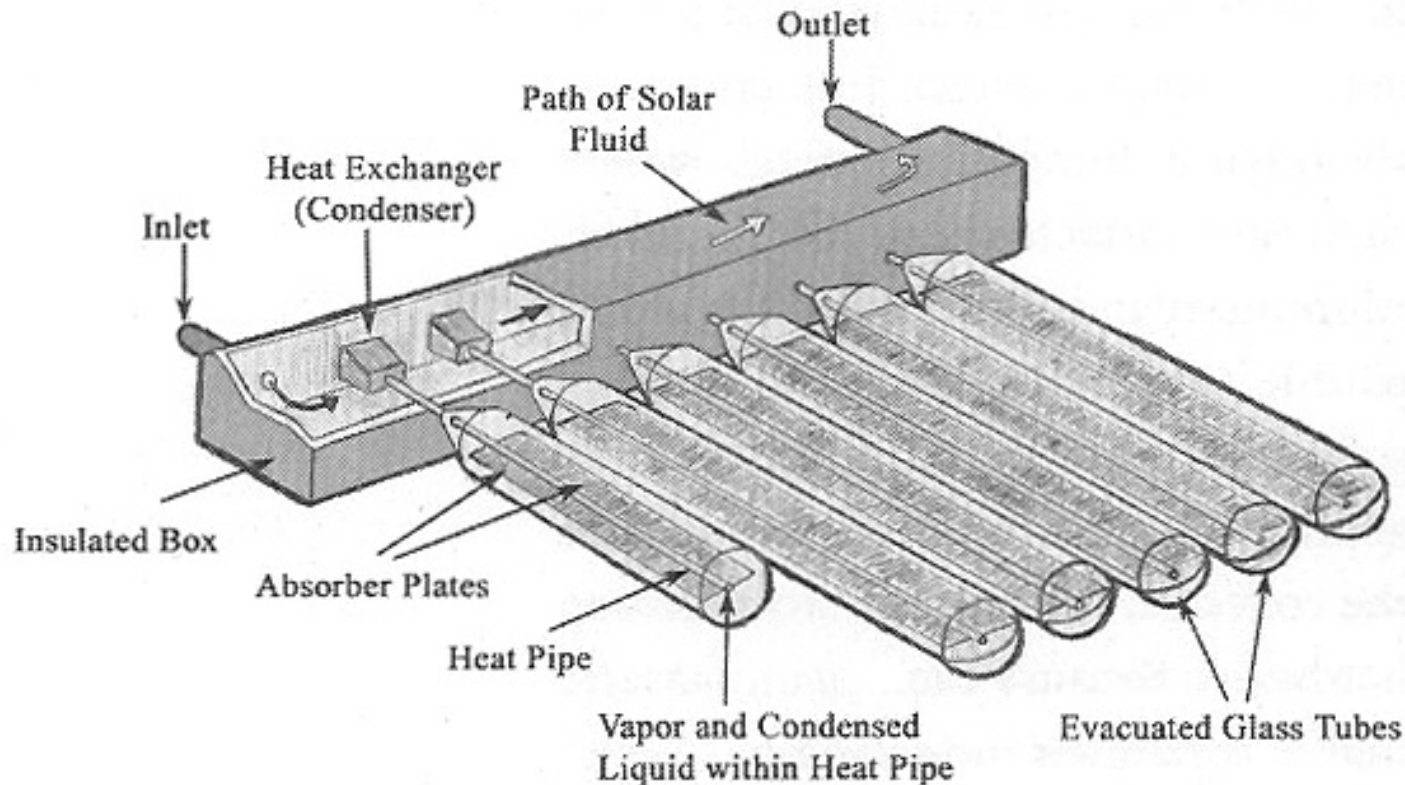
Source: *Solar Water Heating* by
Bob Ramlow with Benjamin Nusz

Evacuated Tubes



Collector Types

Evacuated Tube Collector



Source: *Solar Water Heating* by
Bob Ramlow with Benjamin Nusz

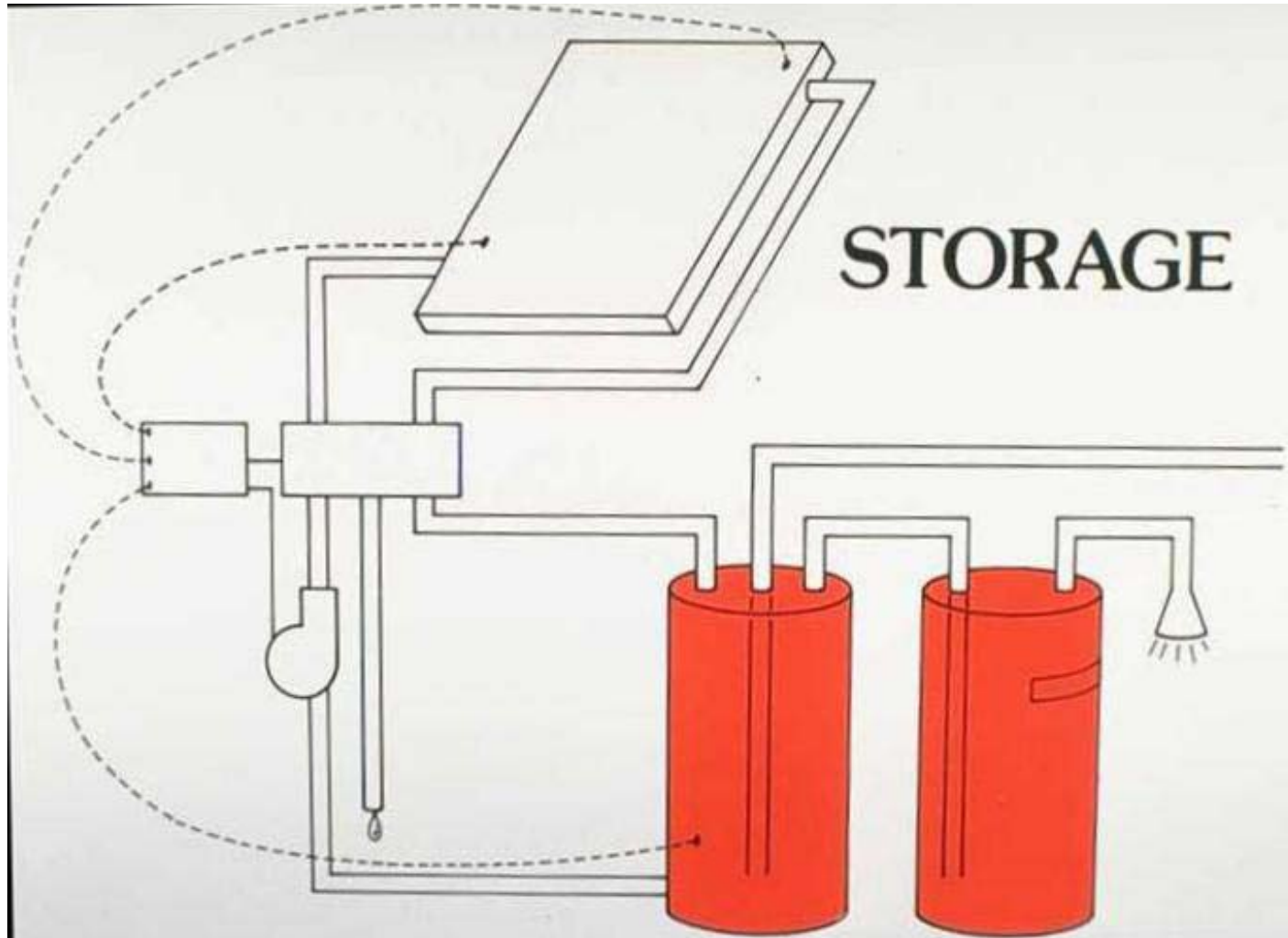
Recap Pros and Cons

	<u>Pros</u>	<u>Cons</u>
Batch System	\$	Freeze Night losses Weight
Flat Plate	\$\$ Efficient Simple, robust	Space required
Evacuated Tubes	Highest temps Cloudy day performance	\$\$\$ Vacuum life

Flat Plate Collectors on Seattle Aquarium



Components: Storage



Tanks



Water heater and
solar pre-heat tank



Solar pre-heat tank with
on-demand water heater

Sizing

- Examine your household hot water use
 - General rule of thumb 20 gals/person/day
 - Or calculate more accurately

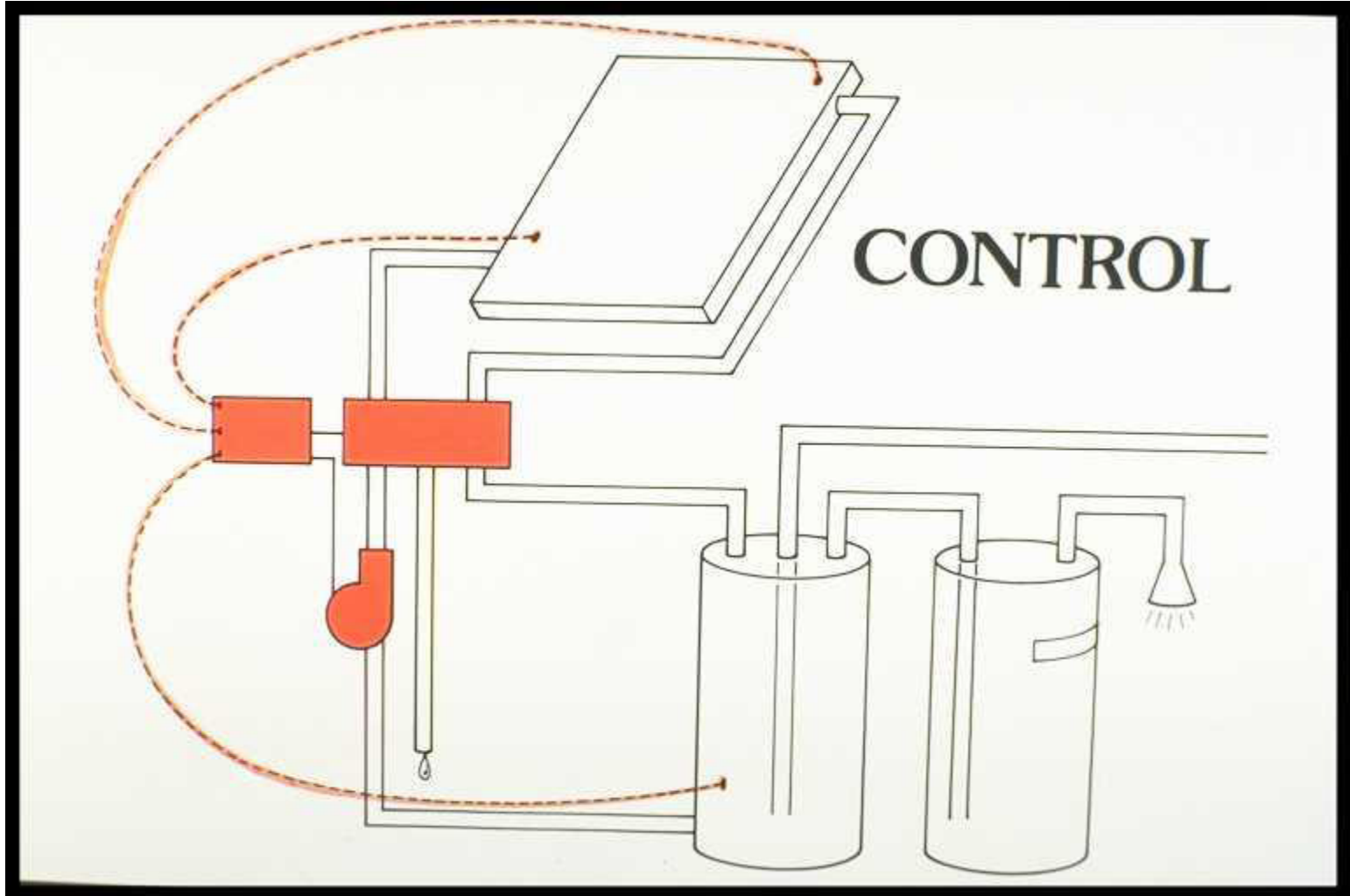
For NW Climate: 1 Collector (or 20 tubes) per 2 people (40 gals)

Approx 1 square foot of collection area, per 1-1.5 gallons of stored hot water

Example: Family of four

2 collectors/40 tubes (60 sf) and 80 gal. storage

Components: Control and Monitoring



Controls, Pumps, and Valves



Differential controller



PV Panel



Temperature sensor



Pump



Mixing valve
Air release valve
Pressure relief valve
Drain valve
Isolation valve

Monitoring

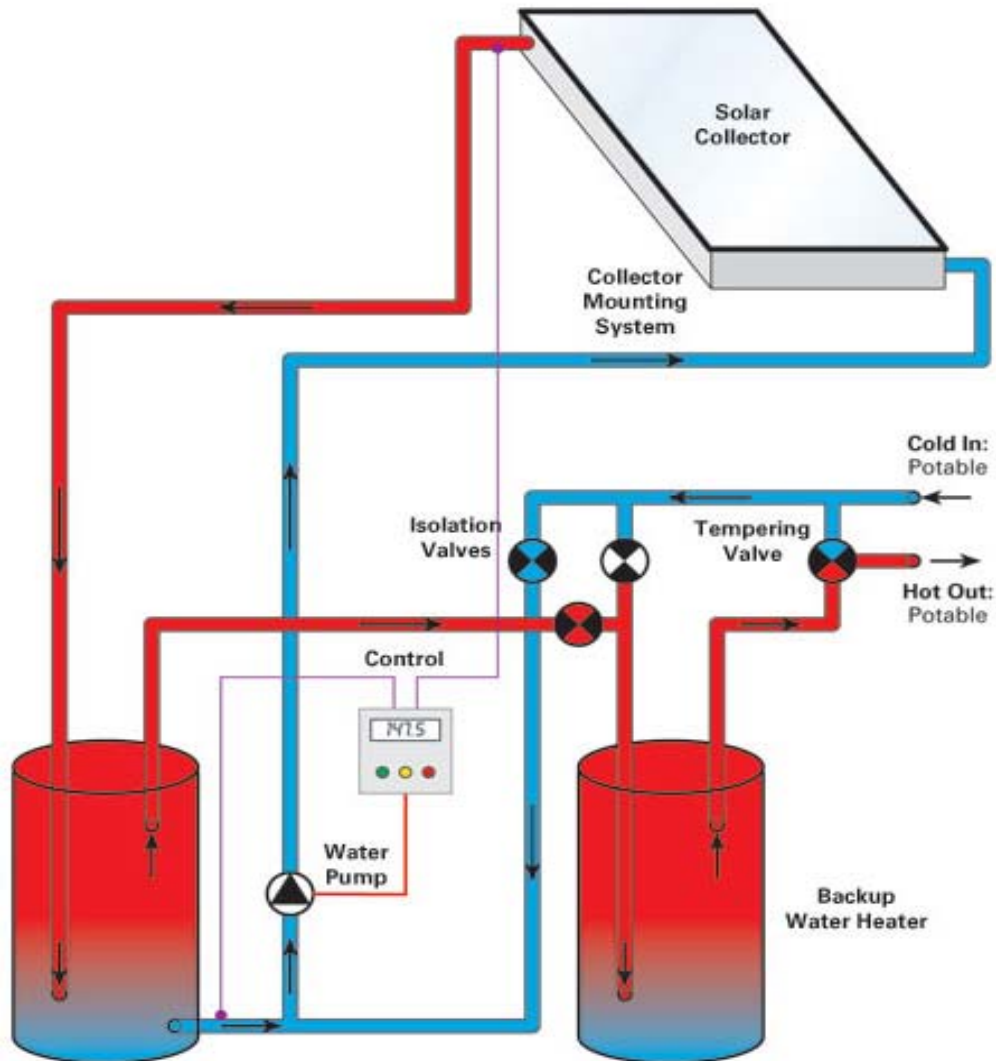
- Thermometer
- Flow sensor



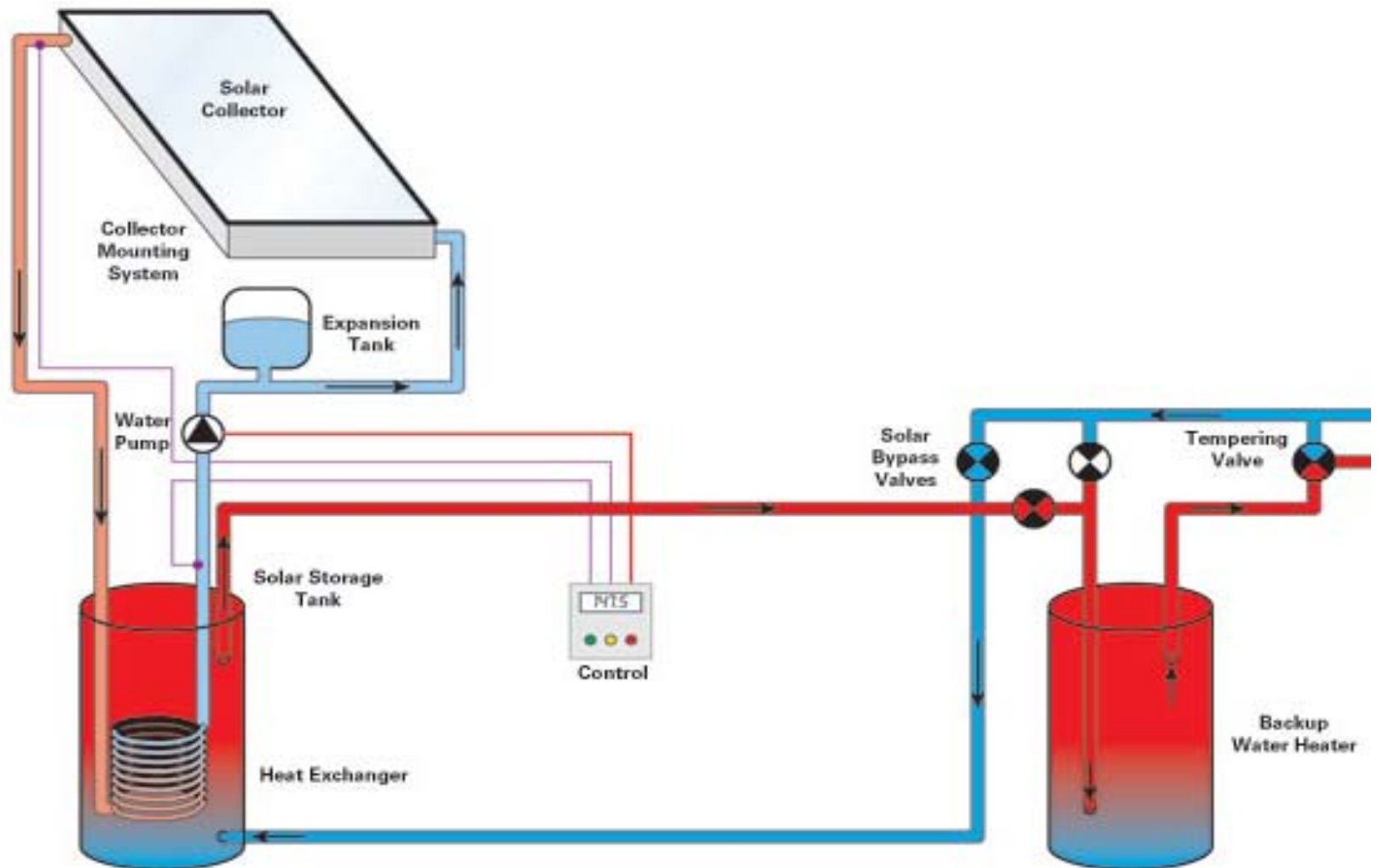
System Components: Mounting Hardware



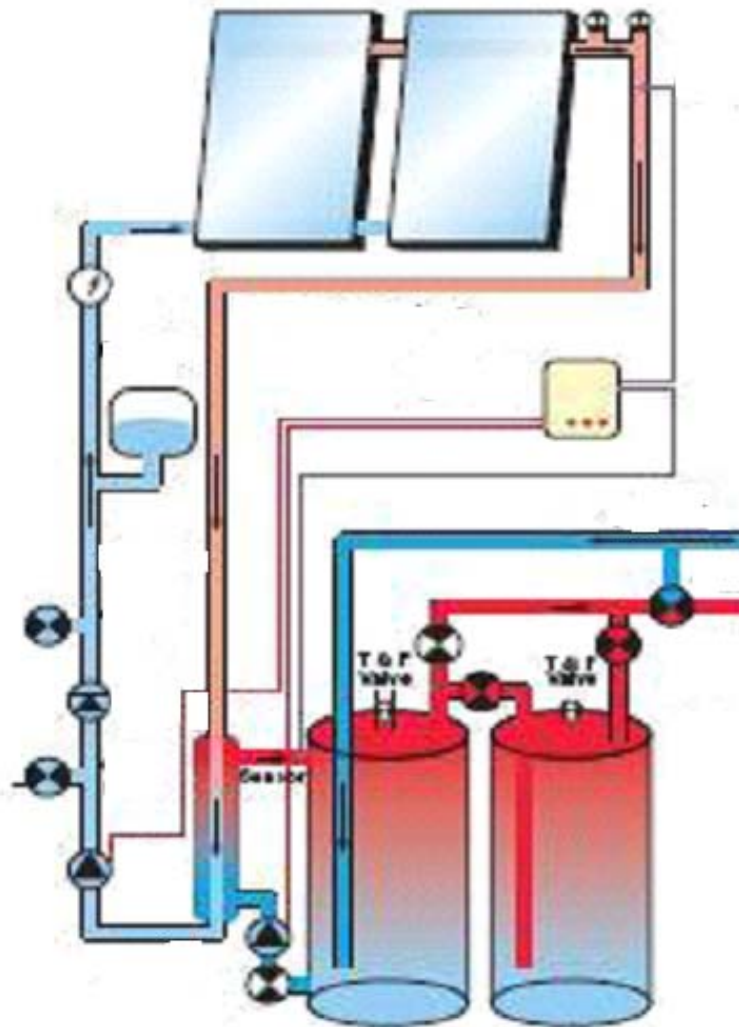
Open Loop (Direct)



Closed Loop (Indirect)



External Heat Exchange



Break...

Will Solar Work for You?

1. What are my goals for going solar?
2. Does my roof face South (or North, East, West)?
3. Are there trees or objects that shade my roof?
4. How old is my roof?
5. How much roof space is available?
6. What is my hot water used for?
7. What type of energy currently heats my water?
8. What size investment can I afford?

Site: Orientation (or Azimuth)

Roofline & street map

OR

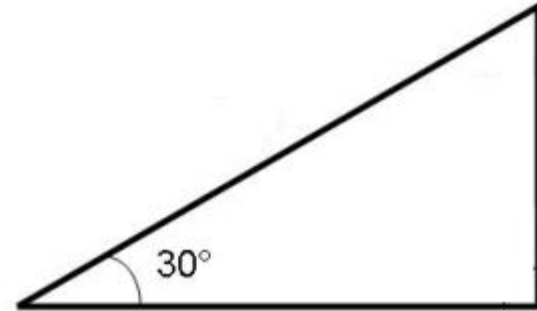
Compass: don't forget about declination



National Geophysical Data Center:
<http://www.ngdc.noaa.gov/geomag/>

Site: Tilt

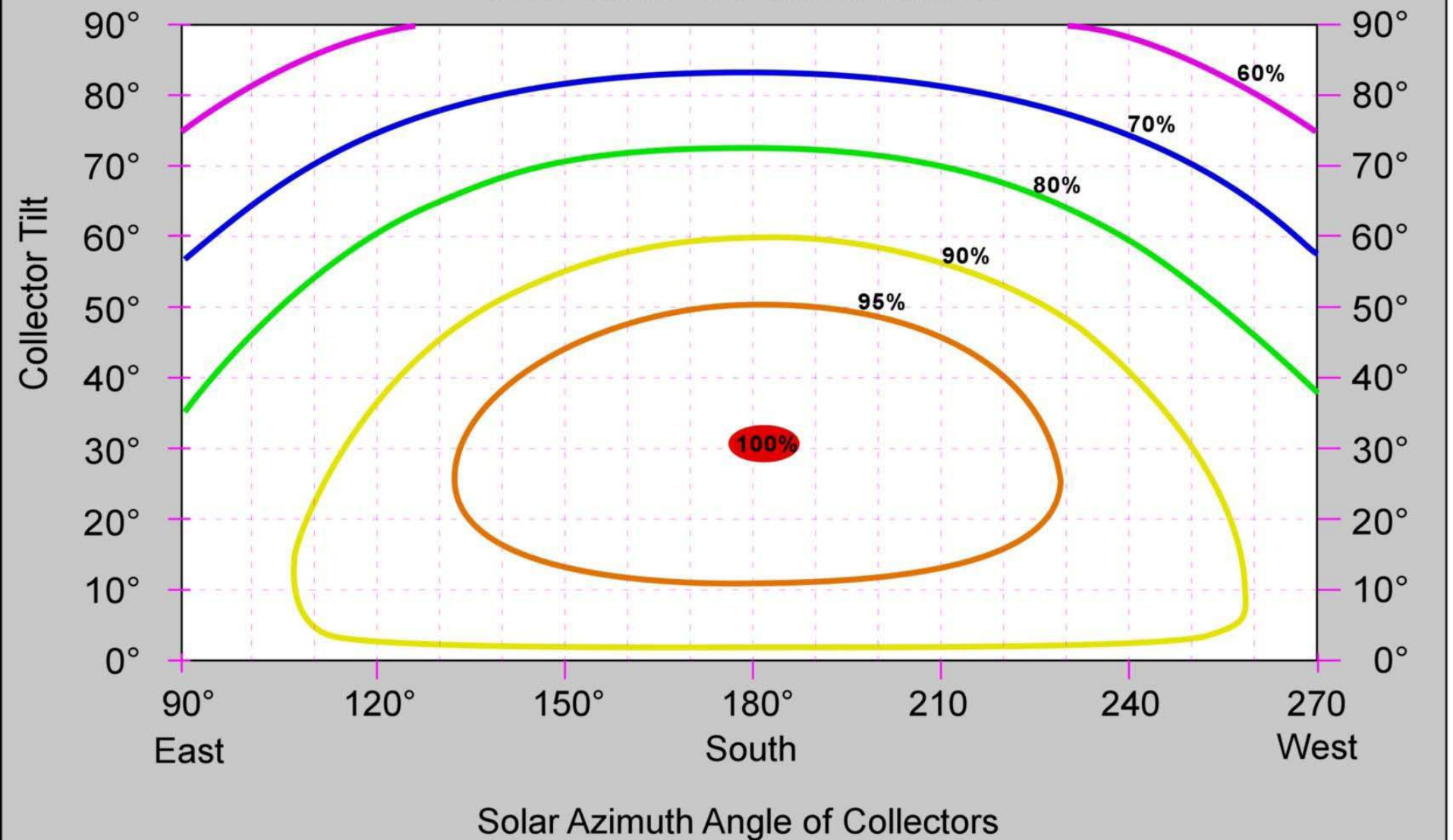
<u>Roof pitch tilt</u>	<u>Degrees tilt</u>
3:12	14.0
4:12	18.4
5:12	22.6
6:12	26.6
9:12	36.9
12:12	45.0



Rule of thumb:
Optimal for solar =
Latitude - 15°.

TOF Values for Washington West of Cascades

for solar domestic hot water and solar electric systems



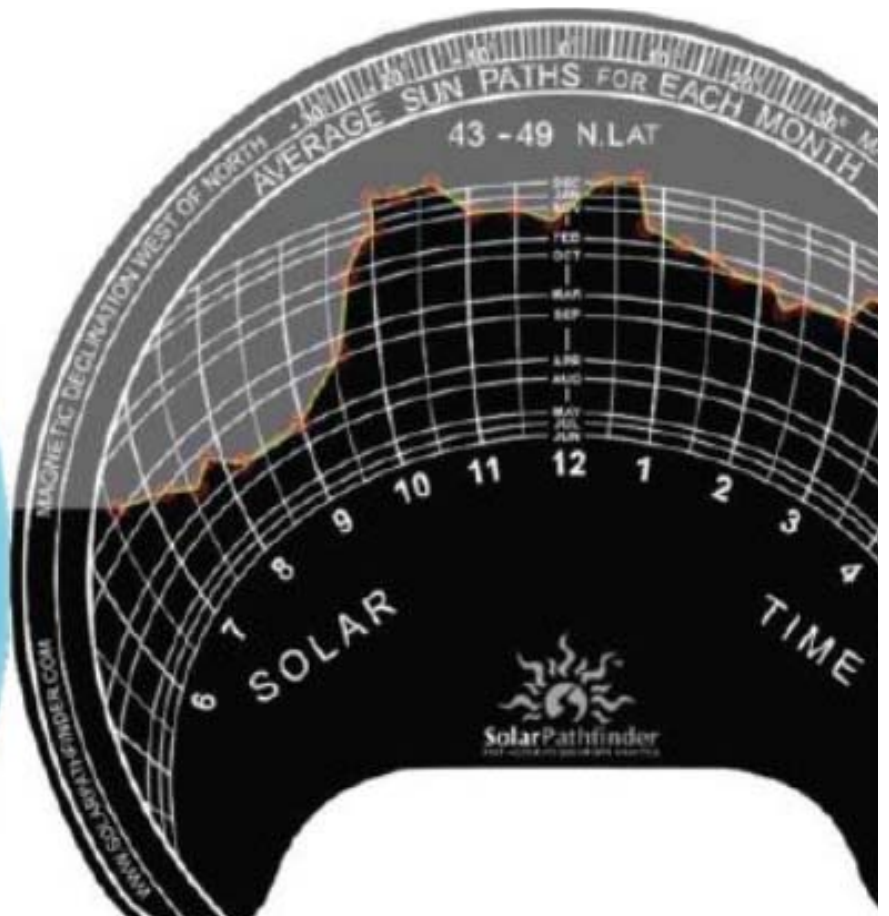
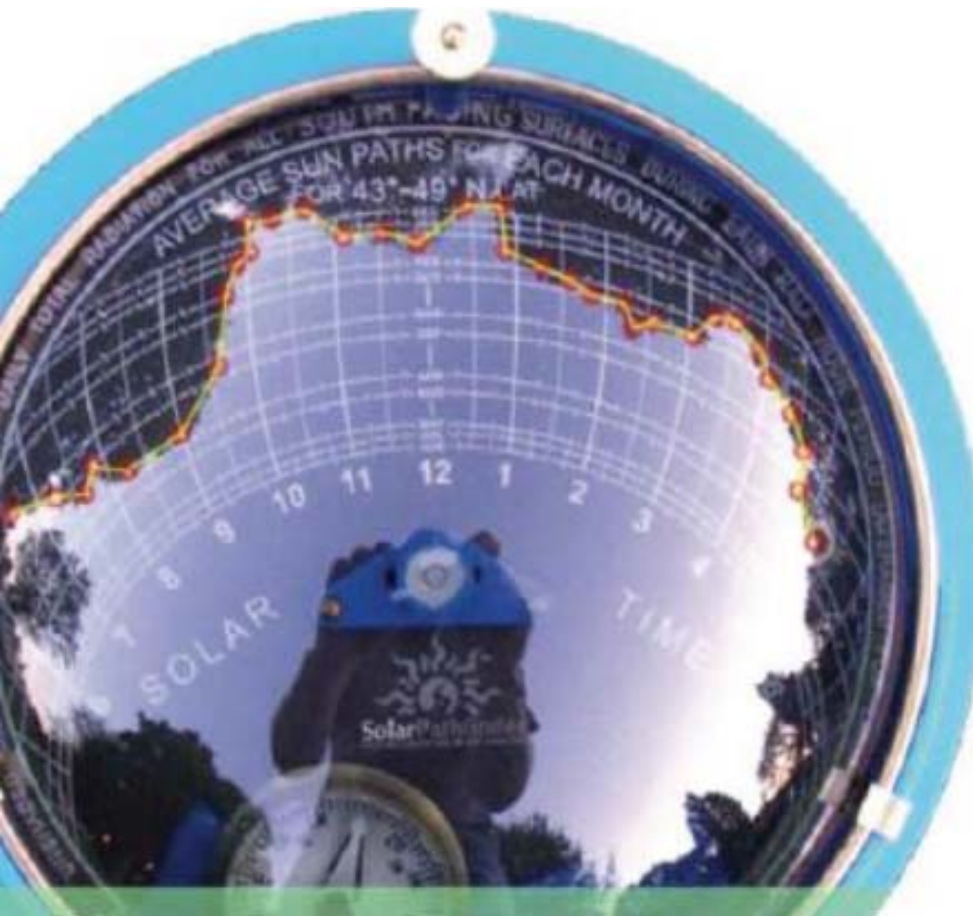
What NOT to Do



Site Evaluation: Shade



Using a Solar Pathfinder



Total Solar Resource Fraction

(100% - % shading loss)

X (100% - % tilt/orientation loss)

Total Solar Resource Fraction (TSRF)

Example:

- Shading loss = 8%
- Tilt/orientation loss = 12%

$$\begin{array}{rcl} (100\% - 8\%) & & 92\% \\ \times (100\% - 12\%) & & 88\% \\ \hline \text{TSRF} & = & 81\% \end{array}$$

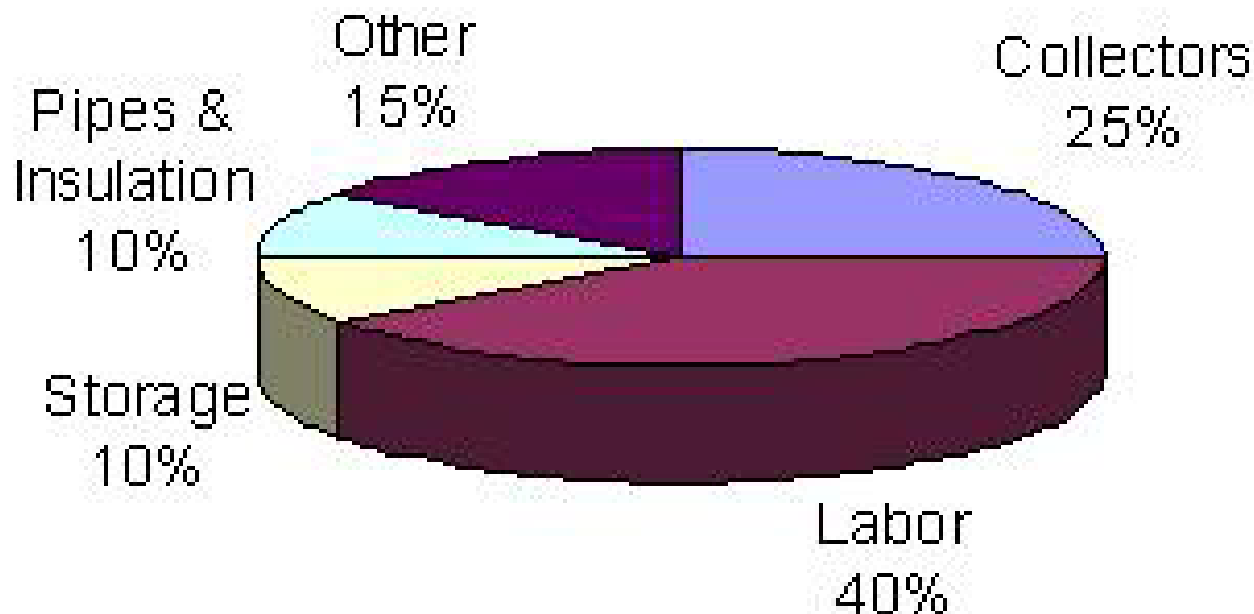
Roof Evaluation

- Roof age and condition
- Mounting options for different roof types
- Shading...



Costs

- Average Residential systems installed in Seattle: \$8,000-\$12,000



Savings

What fuel are you offsetting, and at what rate?

- For electric systems, savings \$100-\$200/yr
- For gas systems, \$150-\$200/ yr

The greater the hot water load, the greater the savings.

Financial Incentives

- Federal Energy Tax Credit: 30% of system cost
- State production incentives only apply to electricity generating technologies...

Financial Analysis: Example

Flat Plate Collector System with Electric Backup

Year	System Cost	Federal Tax Credit	Electricity Price	Electricity Savings	Net Cost
1	(\$10,000)		\$ 0.07	\$ 154	(\$9,846)
2		\$3,000	\$ 0.08	\$ 166	(\$6,680)
3			\$ 0.08	\$ 180	(\$6,500)
4			\$ 0.09	\$ 194	(\$6,306)
5			\$ 0.10	\$ 210	(\$6,097)
.
.
.
19			\$ 0.28	\$ 615	(\$617)
20			\$ 0.30	\$ 665	\$47

Identifying a Contractor

- Solar Washington/ASES members
- NABCEP certification
- Get three bids
- Look for:
 - Cost and long-term financial assessment
 - Performance estimates
 - System design
 - Warranties
 - Services included

Resource: www.solarwashington.org

Permitting

- Permitting process:
 - Plumbing permits: Approved at DPD by Seattle/King County Health Department- \$115
 - Building Permit required if >1000 pounds, or significant changes to roof structure
 - CAM 420: Client Assistance Memo for Solar Energy

Maintenance

- Occasionally check temperature gauges and flow meter
- Occasionally check for pump operation on sunny day
- Antifreeze systems: change antifreeze and expansion tank every 8-10 yrs
- Prevent overheating during vacation

When to call your contractor

- Not enough or no hot water
- Water too hot
- Tank leakage
- System will not turn on
- Solar system runs continuously
- Noisy pump operation

Learn More...

Next Event:

ASES Solar Tour October 3rd!

Online Resources:

- www.seattle.gov/light/solar
- www.nwseed.org
- www.solarwashington.org
- www.dsireusa.org